

**INSURANCE.**  
**Fire, Life and Marine.**  
**CASH CAPITAL REPRESENTED.**  
**\$3,000,000.**

**Hartford Fire Insurance Company,**  
Oldest Company in the field. Incorporated 1810.  
Assets, \$1,000,000.

**Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.,**  
[Springfield, Mass.]  
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$450,000

**Manhattan Fire Insurance Company,**  
The oldest Co. in N. Y. Incorporated 1821.  
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$600,000.

**Niagara Fire Insurance Company,**  
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CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$314,000

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CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$301,707 1/2

**Metropolitan Fire Insurance Company,**  
New York City.  
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$389,000

**New York Life Insurance Company,**  
CASH CAPITAL OVER \$2,100,000  
F. WHITAKER, Agent.  
Office, Pease's Block, Main st., Jacksonville, Fla.  
J. J. J. J.

**MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.**  
OF  
**New York.**  
**FREDERICK S. WINSTON, PRES'T.**  
CASH ASSETS, OVER  
**\$8,000,000!**  
PAID CLAIMS BY DEATH  
**\$4,000,000!**  
DIVIDENDS  
**\$4,000,000**  
ANNUAL DISBURSMENTS, OVER  
**\$1,500,000!**

**THIS Company is the Oldest, Safest and Largest**  
Assets all cash (no water).  
As the rates of premium are no higher, while the  
benefits to creditors and the Dividends to Policy Holders

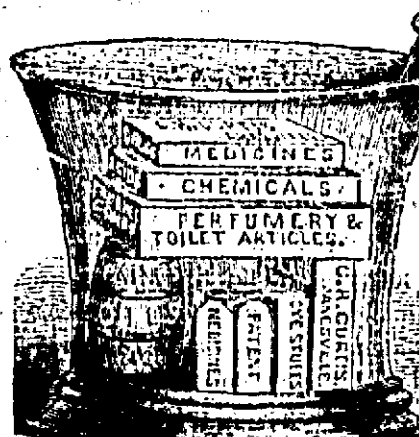
are larger than any other Company, it is therefore not only the *safest*, but the *cheapest* company to insure in.

Reports, circulars and information gratuitously furnished, or sent by mail to any address; and applications for insurance received by letter.

13. 15, ADELPHI, L.  
Agent for Wisconsin.  
L. C. LAWTON, Collector.  
Jefferson

June 10th, 1862.

**PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE,**  
West Milwaukee Street,  
JANESVILLE, . . . . . WISCONSIN



**G. R. Curtis**  
**DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY**  
 Keeps on hand a full stock of all articles belonging  
 to the General Drug Trade, and of the  
**Best Quality,**  
 and always sells at the  
**LOWEST PRICES**  
 Physicians are requested to examine quality and  
 price.  
**Painting Materials,**  
 a full assortment.  
**Dye Stuffs, Machine Oil and Kerosene Oil**  
 at constant and low prices.

**BURNING FLUID, ALCOHOL AND DAMPHEAT.  
Kerosene and Fluid Lamps and Wicks.**

**BRUSHES AND COMBS  
TOILET ARTICLES & FIXINGS.**  
Hair Oils and Pomades,  
PORTE MONAIE, POCKET KNIVES, NICOT  
[NACKS, &c.,  
**TOILET & COMMON SOAPS, &c.,**  
all for sale  
**CHEAP FOR CASH.**  
marfawif PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE.

**WE WILL.**

JAS. H. MANUPA  
DEALER  
WEST MILWAUKEE


  
**H**
  
 BOULEVARD  
 CAPTURE  
 ER,  
 KEEPER STREET.

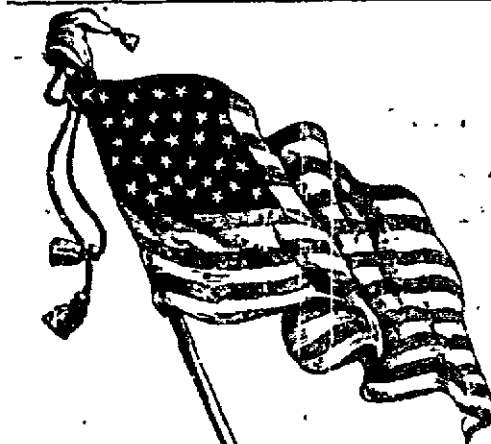
NOW SELL A GOOD  
 HAT OR CA  
 CHEAPER  
 than can be bought

**IN THE WEST.**  
**Just Received,**  
 the largest stock ever brought to  
**THIS MARKET**  
 consisting in part of  
**SILK, FUR, FLEET, WOOL, STRAW, PANAMA**  
**HATS,**  
**Cloth and Velvet Caps.**  
 To shoot everything  
**NEW AND GOOD**  
 in the line, for  
**MEN AND BOYS.**  
 Fine Hats shaped accurately to the head with the  
 French Combs, at the  
**HAT STORE,**









Forever float that standard sheet!  
Where'er the foe but fails before us  
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,  
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us

The Effects of the New Policy.

It will be seen by reference to Captain Britton's letter that the soldiers are perfectly satisfied with the late laws of congress confiscating the slaves of rebels and providing for their employment in the army. The idea that our brave and sensible volunteers would ever have objected to such laws, originated only the brains of politicians, who have no confidence in the good sense of the people. We hear such persons talk of educating the people up to the standard of those who make and execute the laws of our country! Good Heavens, if the government and congress would cast out their pride and learn of the people how to conduct this war, they would be far more successful. If they had taken counsel of the country, instead of depending upon "strategy," "anecdotes," and a great "show of strength" without fighting, the war would have been ended long ago. We venture to say, if any new question should come up in regard to the war, or foreign intervention, that the people will have decided upon the correct policy to be pursued, before the President and his cabinet can hold a meeting upon the subject. It requires no long debates and cautious calculation of chances in order to arrive at correct conclusions on our national affairs. Let common sense and good judgment rule in this as in all the concerns of life. The affairs of nations are directed upon the same principles as our every day affairs.

The people have long ago, settled in their minds what to do with this negro question, while the politicians have distrusted them, and imagined that the war must be protracted until the people could see as clearly as their servants at Washington. Thus, for the want of faith in the people, this deplorable civil war has been suffered to grow on our hands, until many thousands of lives and millions of treasure have been uselessly sacrificed. What we have wanted, and what we need now, is a great leader at the head of affairs who comprehends at the same time, what to do, how to do it, and who trusts wholly to the sagacity and patriotism of the country to sustain him; a JACKSON, who has not lifted himself in vain imagination so far above the common thought and sentiment as to believe himself capable of finding an indirect and crooked road better adapted to the exigencies of the hour, rather than a straight forward, honest and plain path, which leads boldly and directly to the object sought.

We believe the President and his cabinet have been afraid of the people and the army, and this because they do not know and appreciate the good sense and patriotism of those whom they have distrusted. Let them cultivate faith in their countrymen and go ahead without fear, and all will be well; while a timid and hesitating policy will ruin the country.

One other fact communicated by Capt. Britton is worth particular attention. It appears that the negroes have already learned that a confiscation law has been passed, and that Congress has decreed that they shall be employed in the army. They got the news before their masters! How was this done? Doubtless it is true, as has been asserted, that they have secret societies all over the south, among the most intelligent of the race, who communicate from one to another all that transpires in which they are interested. It may be well imagined that their great desire for liberty quickens their minds and causes such news as this to spread like fire. Doubtless it has, before this time, reached the remotest plantation in Texas, and been the subject of consultation among the slaves. They are waiting for the army of the north, the liberating army, which is to release them from a terrible bondage. They will prepare to guide our troops, to aid them with their strong arms, as laborers or as soldiers, to give them information, and to deliver their rebel masters and their property into our hands. Whatever may be said to the contrary, this is a terrible and all-availing power which has been set in motion in the south, and will be the most potent of all means, if used as it may be, in crushing the rebellion.

The Milwaukee Sentinel announces, by authority, that Senator Doolittle is not a candidate for a place on the supreme bench. It is hardly just to accuse all who have given currency to the report as enemies of Judge Doolittle, since the statement has remained uncontradicted for six months. Those who originated it may have done it out of sinister motives, but those who have since been in the habit of mentioning it as a part of the news of the day, are not more responsible for the currency of the rumor than those who know it to be untrue but kept that fact to themselves. It may be that the Judge was willing to be considered a candidate while there was a chance of success, but now, when there is none, makes a merit of withdrawing with considerable virtuous indignation. If this is not the correct theory, why was not the Sentinel authorized to make the denial sooner?

MISSISS. EDITORS:—After a pleasant ride of 36 hours after leaving Janesville, I arrived safe at the camp of the 8th regiment, where I found every man of my company well and in fine spirits; all glad to see me back again. I called on Col. Murphy, who was also apparently glad to see me looking and feeling so well. He told me that I had the healthiest and finest company in the regiment; he also told me he had forwarded the names of two of my men to the Governor of Wisconsin, for their promotion in some of the new regiments, and I think one of them will get a commission; I hope so at least. I felt very proud to have my commanding officer tell me I had the finest Co. in the regiment. The citizens of Janesville have a good reason to feel proud of Co. G, and I hope the company will ever sustain the reputation they now possess.

There appears to be a new life in the army since the government has decided to use the black folks to help put down the rebellion. The men are anxious to have them to do their work for them, and if need be, to shoulder the musket. The blacks appear to have learned the late laws and orders from Washington already, and they are flocking in fast. At one town that I passed through in Tennessee, on my way to the depot, I saw about 100 blacks at the depot, waiting to be taken, wherever the government wishes to use them. They said they were willing to take the spade or musket, or whatever was given them. One negro says, "We have now started, and we are going through, come what will; we want our liberty, and are willing to fight for it." One planter at Jackson lost 25 blacks in one day; they learned the laws before their master. He came in after them, but the commander of the post told him, according to the late orders he had no power to put the negroes outside of his lines. The learned southerner was surprised to think our government had passed any such laws, and said he might as well have lost \$20,000. He consoled himself by thinking our good government would pay him some day, for his live property.

There are thousands of bales of cotton lying at the different stations along the road from here to Columbus; at Jackson, Humboldt and Trenton there is an immense amount of it waiting for shipment. By a late order issued here, citizens are not allowed to pass Columbus with more than \$5 in specie; if they wish to come in here to purchase cotton, they must bring the green backs to pay for it; if the cotton owners refuse our government paper, seize the cotton, confiscate it, and that will soon bring them to their senses; get plenty of treasury notes circulated in the south, and the people will then begin to take an interest in having the government sustained. I think it will work well.

Our army has been scattered around here considerably since I have been gone; every little town has more or less troops in it; our lines must extend some hundreds of miles through Alabama, Mississippi and Tennessee.

The weather is not intensely hot here now, but it would not be comfortable if it was many degrees hotter. We are out on grand ground to-day, about one mile in advance of our camp. I have charge of the guard, five companies from our regiment. The health of the regiment is remarkably good. We have an excellent well of water, the grounds are polished every morning, and the camp is in splendid condition—everything as clean as need be. The men have built ovens and bake their own bread, as good as they get at home. There is not a regiment in the whole army of the Mississippi in better condition than the 8th Wisconsin. It is highly spoken of by the head officers of the army. If you see any one who wants to get into a regiment that understands its business, and they wish to learn their duty in a short time, send them down here.

I have now written more than I intended to when I sit down, so I will close with my best respects to all.

Yours, &c., W. B. BRITTON,

Capt. Co. G, 8th Reg. W. V.

The Mediation Question in the Congress of Sovereigns.

Private letters, it is said, have been received by members of the foreign legations in Washington, in which it is asserted that the opinion in European diplomatic circles, is that Louis Napoleon goes to the Congress of Sovereigns to be held at Berlin, with the firm intention of bringing about, if possible, a settlement of the American question. He has already been advised by several Princes of Germany, and by Mr. Schmerling, the secretary of state of Prussia, that German manufacturers and merchants have memorialized the Zollverein upon the lamentable condition of the manufacturing districts and of trade in general, praying that action may be taken for the restoration of peace to this country. Louis Napoleon will probably avail himself of this fact to impress upon the Emperor of Russia and the King of Prussia, the necessity of taking in hand the American question, and not to separate before coming to an agreement concerning it.

Persons claiming to be in the confidence of the emperor are of the opinion that he goes to Berlin with a plan already matured, the object of which is to propose a collective mediation in American affairs by the emperor of Russia, the king of Prussia, and himself. He expects, that the moral force which a document of this kind, signed by the three most powerful potentates of Europe will exercise upon the American people, will be sufficient to bring American difficulties to an end. It is also said, that the offer of a mediation will contain a clause in which France, Russia and Prussia will reserve to themselves the right of recognizing the south should their friendly interposition in American affairs be rejected by the government of the United States.

Such, we are assured on good authority, are the advices received by the representatives of European powers at Washington. It remains for this government to decide whether it will put this war upon such a footing as to bar all interference by word or deed on the part of the emperors. It is in the President's power to give such a blow to the rebellion, in strict accordance with the law, as shall suggest to European powers the prudence of keeping their hands out of this contest, or, if they interfere at all, the wisdom of addressing themselves to all

rebels and compelling them to lay down their arms and return to their allegiance on such terms as the United States, in its mercy, shall consent to accord to them.—N. Y. Tribune.

Bounty to Soldiers.—Action Decided on.

It has been determined to offer a uniform state bounty of fifty dollars to every soldier enlisting.

This bounty is to be raised by effort among the people of the state. To that end a committee has been appointed for each county, by the Governor, which, so far as we have been able to obtain it, is as follows:

MILWAUKEE.—W. B. Hibbard, Chas. F. Hiley, D. Britton.  
WINNEBAGO.—W. M. Hutchinson.  
ROCK.—J. M. Burgess.  
LA CROSSE.—T. B. Edwards.  
PENCE.—W. S. Dunbar.  
JEFFERSON.—Theodore Prentiss.  
OUTAGAMIE.—Byron Douglas.  
FOND DU LAC.—B. F. Moore.  
ST. CROIX.—H. L. Humphrey.  
MONROE.—J. M. Morrow.  
BOYDE.—E. Baird.  
KEWAUNEE.—Edward Decker.  
DOOR.—Joseph Harris.  
JACKSON.—O. C. Pope.  
GREEN.—John A. Bingham.

Others, no doubt, will be immediately appointed, and possibly some of these named may be engaged.

We believe the amount decided to be necessary is \$450,000, which, of course, contemplates 9,000 men to be raised. This amount is apportioned among the counties on the basis of the assessment of 1861. It is the business of the individual or committee, appointed in each county, to attend to obtaining the amount by subscriptions apportioned to that county. To each individual who subscribes, whether the amount subscribed be great or small, the governor will issue a receipt or certificate of the fact, which will entitle the holder to receive the amount from the state treasury after the legislature shall endorse the action by making the necessary appropriation.

The people, in their great gathering, unanimously agreed that they would send no man to the legislature who would not ratify this action and make the necessary appropriation. The governor can pledge nothing and promise nothing absolutely. He has no power, nor authority, to do it. But if there is truth in men, and if the immense mass who were here fairly represented the balance of the state—on both of which points there is no doubt—this scrip, or these receipts, will most assuredly be paid by the next legislature.

The men present from the various sections of the state expressed the utmost confidence that the sums apportioned to their respective counties could and would be raised. We express the utmost confidence that the amounts raised will be refunded by the state, and make a matter of general indebtedness. No man need fear that he will not get his money back.

We should mention what has thus far escaped us, that these certificates or scrip will bear an interest of six per cent.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

REPORTED FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE.

BY WISCONSIN STATE TELEGRAPH LINE, Office in Union Passenger Depot.

## Saturday Night's Report.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Aug. 2.

Troops crossed the river yesterday afternoon for the purpose of destroying the houses and woods on the opposite shore, which had offered protection to the rebels. Everything in the shape of a dwelling was burned. This was the point where the rebels shelled our shipping and succumbed. The affair was successfully accomplished, without the loss of a man. The gunboats this forenoon are engaged in shelling the shore and houses down the river. Five men were killed by the enemy's shells night before last, and two wounded.

WASHINGTON, August 2.

Many persons are now here endeavoring to save their military friends from the effect of the annulment of their furloughs.

Hon. Thos. T. Bowie has not been unconditionally discharged, but released on parole.

A notorious female rebel spy and mail-carrier was captured near Warrenton and sent to this city yesterday in charge of a federal officer.

She is now in the old capital prison. This woman is represented as a sister of Mrs. Chas. J. Faulkner, and for a long time past has been engaged in carrying the rebel mails to Richmond from points within our lines.

MEMPHIS, July 30.

The Bulletin of this morning has the following from authentic sources: Among other interesting items as to the proceedings of the rebels, we have some inkling of the subjects discussed at the two conferences, held in all the principal rebel military leaders, held in Richmond on the 30th and 31st insts. It is understood that they came to the conclusion that they must lose no more territory. The defensive policy was strongly attacked, and both Lee and Beauregard advised the invasion of the north at three points, namely, from Cumberland or Williamsport into Pennsylvania, Louisville and Cincinnati into Indiana and Ohio, and from Paducah and Cairo into Illinois. It is alleged that the following plan of operations for the remainder of the summer campaign was agreed upon:

1st. The immediate obstruction of James river, so as to make it impossible for McClellan to use it as a means of communication with the government, and for the transportation of reinforcements and army supplies.

2d. The occupation of Williamsburg and Yorktown, and the entire peninsula.

3d. The recovery of the whole of the territory of Virginia, and the suppression of the Baltimore and Ohio R. R.

4th. The recovery of New Orleans, Memphis and the Mississippi river; and the expulsion of the federal troops from Tennessee and Kentucky. When these objects had been accomplished, the Lee and Beauregard plan was proposed.

5th. To make the Potomac and Ohio rivers at once their base of operations and frontier, and to transfer the seat of war from Virginia to Maryland.

6th. To hurt upon Washington from Richmond, a column of 200,000 troops.—By the capture of that city the liberation of Baltimore, and invasion of the north at the three points named above, becoming in turn, the invaders.

They hope to make it necessary for us to keep, at least, for the defence of our cities, 500,000 troops.

Advices have been received by General Strong, from Bloomfield, Mo., that about one hundred of Col. Daniel's men were surrounded in that town, by some 600 or 700 rebels; that a sharp fight was going on, and that our troops thought they could sustain themselves until reinforcements, which have been sent from Cape Girardeau, could reach them.

Letters from a rebel mail captured at Corinth on the 29th ult., indicate a rebel movement on Chattanooga and Nashville.

CAIRO, August 2.

The Grenada Appeal, of the 25th, says the federals have abandoned the idea of taking Vicksburg by water, and now are

evidently waiting the co-operation of land forces.

The gunboat Carondelet arrived yesterday from Vicksburg, but brings no news. Several gentlemen from Brownsville arrived last evening, who bring some particulars of the rebel raid under Faulkner on that place Friday last. Every man there buying cotton was taken prisoner, and one hundred and twenty thousand dollars taken from them, and four hundred bales of cotton burned. Five hundred federal cavalry arrived the same evening and the rebels fled, were pursued, and a slight engagement took place on Hatchie and Forked Deer rivers, and a number of rebels captured.

The rebel Jackson was at Denmark on Saturday with 300 cavalry. It is reported that Vicksburg is marching on Belvoir.

St. Louis, August 3.

Special to Chicago Times.—Lieut. Col. O'Hara, of the rebel army, who has been recaptured at Independence, has been arrested and brought to this city.

Three telegraph operators and three expressmen, captured by the rebel General McBride in Arkansas, have arrived on parole. They were not well treated by the rebels. McBride has about 1,200 men, poorly provided, at Mt. Olive, near White river.

Capt. McMichael, of Gen. Halleck's staff, taken at Silich, has also arrived on parole. He was released at Tupelo, and came by way of Corinth. He says the rebels are massing troops at Chattanooga to overwhelm Buell's corps. Bragg is in command of the rebel forces.

There are thirty-one rebel prisoners who have been tried by military commission at Jefferson City, and await official promulgation of sentence by the President, or the commander of the western department.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 1, via Cairo, 3d.

We have no further intelligence from the rebel movements. Very little doubt exists that they are making a move in force, of which the guerrilla raids on Humboldt and Brownsville were only the precursors.

Memphis is entirely cut off from that locality, the railroad being demolished and the telegraph line down, and we have no means of communication.

The gunboat Mound City has gone down to Helena. Gen. Curtis remains at that place.

The sale of liquors is to be again allowed in the city.

The rebels say that 70,000 ounces of quinine have been smuggled into the Confederacy since Memphis has been in our possession. Two canoe loads were captured a night or two since.

The ocean steamer Star of the West, which was captured on the Texas coast by Van Dorn, at the commencement of the war, is up the Yazoo in process of conversion into a gunboat on the model of the Arkansas and Merrimac. The ocean tug Webb, formerly used as a tow boat below New Orleans is also up there, and will be made available for the same purpose.—They are both powerful boats.

CAIRO, Aug. 2.

Special to Chicago Times.—The rebels are said to be threatening Columbus in force. Particulars for the present are contraband. Active efforts are being made to meet the emergency.

Within the last week a large number of citizens of Illinois, who are said to sympathize with the rebellion, have crossed into Missouri at Phebes, eighteen miles below Cape Girardeau.

One hundred of the newly organized militia of Cape Girardeau started to-day for Bloomfield.

The gunboat Pittsburg is fully repaired and ready for service.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.

Letters from prominent officers in the west have been received, making bitter complaints against Gen. Thos. J. Wood, of Kentucky, commanding a division in Buell's army. They accuse him of violating the articles of war forbidding the employment of soldiers for the return of fugitives; of stripping negroes naked, tying them to trees, whipping them with his own hands; allowing men whose sons are officers in the rebel army, at home on furloughs, to prow through his camps at pleasure, ostensibly hunting up runaway slaves, but really getting information for their sons to take to rebel commanders; guarding property of rebel officers, and releasing rebel soldiers from confinement, because they were only mulattoes who testified to their being such.

Gen. Wood is a native of Mumfordsville, Kentucky, a graduate of West Point, and a colonel of cavalry in the regular army.

A general order is expected from Gen. Halleck in a day or two, embodying his views on confiscation, the use of slaves for military purposes, &c.

Advices from lower Kansas announce great outrages by rebel outlaws and Indians, under Quantrill, committing murders, burglaries, &c. An Indian agent has written here asking leave to enlist friendly Indians to restore order.

Capt. Steele of the Sturgis Rifles, McClellan's body-guard, arrived here to-day from the peninsula. He makes the statement that notwithstanding the recent orders, rebel property is still guarded in that army, and gives this startling example:—"Col. Carter, a rebel officer, whose plantation is just outside our lines, was wounded in the recent battles. In his plantation are one hundred slaves and a large quantity of valuable property that could be made useful for the army. The property is protected by guards from our army, and as late as Thursday last, the rebel colonel Carter was living quietly at home recovering from his wounds and unmolested by our army. He would properly be a prisoner of war, and should be held for his exchangeable value of Union soldiers."

## To-Day's Report.

(Reported Exclusively for the Daily Gazette.)

## MORNING DISPATCHES.

SPEERVILLE, Aug. 3.

Special to New York Tribune.—Col. Robinson, provost marshal, has arrested between 60 and 70 citizens of Rappahannock county, who will not take the oath of allegiance. Three days grace has been granted them, at the expiration of which, if they will not swear, they will be sent immediately beyond the lines. Two intelligent German deserters from the rebel army came within our lines last evening. They left Richmond two weeks ago, and state that great distress prevailed in the rebel camp; that all the rebel soldiers are living on nothing but fresh beef and flour, without no salt, sugar, or coffee; that the regiments would not average more than 300 men.—They also pretend that they have overheard prominent rebels say that their condition was more desperate than it had been at any time during the war.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.

The Ohio committee on behalf of Gov. Tod, who have been in conference with the executive authorities relative to military protection in the most exposed quarters, today accomplished the object of their commission, as one of the delegates said, in the most satisfactory manner.

WASHINGTON, August 2.

Special to Times.—There was a report in Washington on Saturday that General McClellan's army were embarking on transports for the purpose of changing the place of advance upon Richmond. The rumor

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

### Medical Card.

TREAT & DODGE,  
Physicians and Surgeons,  
Janesville, - - - Wisconsin.  
Office in Jackson & Smith's New Block, East Milwaukee St., near 1st St.  
Janesville, May 1st, 1862.

### BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE!

The Best in the World.  
WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR'S celebrated Hair Dye produces a color not to be distinguished from nature—warranted not to injure the Hair in the least; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes, and invigorates the Hair for life. GREY, RED or RUSTY HAIR instantly turns a glossy Black or Brown, leaving the Hair soft and beautiful. Sold by all Druggists, &c.  
Genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, on the four sides of each box.  
Factory, No. 81, Barclay Street, New York.  
my21 (Late 223 Broadway and 16 Bond St.) Jan 1

### REMOVAL

DR. M. B. JOHNSON  
has removed to  
Jackson & Smith's New Building,  
over the Rock County Bank, where he will wait upon his friends and customers in any department of dentistry.  
J. J. J.

### REMOVAL!

DR. P. F. FENDLETON HAS REMOVED HIS  
DENTAL ROOMS  
to the new block of Jackson & Devery, first floor over the old store of Cyrus Miller, where he will attend to all the calls in his profession. ap21Jan11

### ECHLIN & FOOTE,

Merchant Tailors  
READY-MADE CLOTHING  
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS,  
and  
Gents' Furnishing Goods.  
West Milwaukee St., two doors East of Central Bank, Janesville, - - - Wisconsin.  
CUSTOM WORK  
Done in a superior manner, and in the most approved style. Jy14dt

### COMSTOCK & HARTWICK,

Attorneys and Counsellors,  
No. 60 Wall Street,  
NEW YORK.  
SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO COLLECTIONS.  
mobly

## INSURANCE

### HEAD-QUARTERS!

### LAFRAN'S BLOCK,

Janesville, - - - Wisconsin.

### CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

OVER

\$15,000,000!

The undersigned will issue

### FIRE, LIFE & MARINE POLICIES

In the following:

### Sound Old Insurance Companies:

Home Insurance Co., N. Y., \$1,500,000  
Phoenix Ins. Co., Hartford, 650,000  
Liverpool & London Fire & Life, 6,300,000  
Continental Insurance Co., N. Y., 1,071,500  
City Fire Ins. Co. of Hartford, 302,314  
Security Insurance Co., N. Y., 650,000  
Merchants' Ins. Co., Hartford, 250,000  
New England Ins. Co., Hartford, 230,000  
Western Mass. Ins. Co., Pittsfield, 225,000  
Mutual Benefit Life Ins. Co., Newark, 4,000,000  
Jy14dt

### E. L. DIMOCK, Agent,

For Janesville and Vicinity.

### A Slight Cold,

Cough, Hoarseness or Sore Throat, which might be checked with a simple remedy, if neglected, often terminates seriously. Few are aware of the importance of stopping a Cough or Slight Cold in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if not attended to, soon attacks the lungs.

Brown's Branchial Trachea was first introduced eleven years ago. It has been proved that they are the best article before the public for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, the Hoarse Cough in Bronchitis, and numerous affections of the Throat, giving immediate relief.

### Public Speakers & Singers

will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, at 25 cents per box.

Sold to Janesville by TALLMAN & COLLINS, G. R. CURTIS, and all dealers in medicines. my21Jan11

### Recruits for the Eighth Regiment!

THE subscriber is desirous of enlisting recruits for the Eighth Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, and will be found at the Engine House of Engine Company No. 2, in this city, where all necessary information will be given.  
Lieut. Eighth Regiment, W. V.  
Janesville, July 23d, 1862. Jy14dt

### Union Envelopes!

A VERY Large supply of Envelopes, with the Flag of our Union, daily printed upon them, may be found at  
J. J. J.

### Cash Paid

FOR CITY AND COUNTRY ORDER

at the Hardware Store of

August 1st, 0. R. J. RICHARDSON. ap1dt

### Keep Your Feet Dry

By using the Water Proof Leather Preservative

Price 10 cents.

### Whitewash Brushes!

All styles and sizes. Very Cheap at

COLWELL'S DRUG STORE, my1dt

IF YOU WANT

Good 6s Black Silks

call at

Janesville, July 15th, 1862. Jy14dt

McKEY & BROS.

Jy14dt

Rats, Rats, Rats!

Can be killed by thousands by using Oxtar's Rat

Extirminator. For sale at

Jy14dt

COLWELL'S DRUG STORE.

Kerosene Lamp Shad's!

A FEW more of these "Ball Room" Lamp Shades

received at

November 1st, 1862. Jy14dt

WHEELER & SON.











## LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

### Arrival and Departure of Mails.

At the Janesville Post Office, from and after May 5th, 1892:

Chicago, through,	Arrive.	Close.	Depart.
Way, 10:00 A. M.	11:00 P. M.	11:50 A. M.	12:00 P. M.
Chicago, through, <td>10:00 A. M.</td> <td>11:00 P. M.</td> <td>12:00 P. M.</td>	10:00 A. M.	11:00 P. M.	12:00 P. M.
Way, 10:00 A. M.	11:00 P. M.	11:50 A. M.	12:00 P. M.
Madison, through, <td>10:00 A. M.</td> <td>11:00 P. M.</td> <td>12:00 P. M.</td>	10:00 A. M.	11:00 P. M.	12:00 P. M.
Way, 10:00 A. M.	11:00 P. M.	11:50 A. M.	12:00 P. M.
Madison, through, <td>10:00 A. M.</td> <td>11:00 P. M.</td> <td>12:00 P. M.</td>	10:00 A. M.	11:00 P. M.	12:00 P. M.
Way, 10:00 A. M.	11:00 P. M.	11:50 A. M.	12:00 P. M.
Madison, through, <td>10:00 A. M.</td> <td>11:00 P. M.</td> <td>12:00 P. M.</td>	10:00 A. M.	11:00 P. M.	12:00 P. M.
Way, 10:00 A. M.	11:00 P. M.	11:50 A. M.	12:00 P. M.
Madison, through, <td>10:00 A. M.</td> <td>11:00 P. M.</td> <td>12:00 P. M.</td>	10:00 A. M.	11:00 P. M.	12:00 P. M.
Way, 10:00 A. M.	11:00 P. M.	11:50 A. M.	12:00 P. M.

J. M. BURGLISS, Postmaster.

## WAR MEETING!!

### LET the PEOPLE RALLY!

A meeting will be held at the Court Room, This Evening, at 7 o'clock, to take into consideration the necessity of Janesville raising her portion of recruits called for by the government. Other towns and cities are moving in the matter. Shall Janesville be behind? Shall she defer action until drafting is resorted to? Let the attendance this evening attest the patriotism and enterprise of our city.— There is not a day to be lost!

The meeting will be addressed by the Hon. David Noggle, H. S. Conger, W. H. Ebbetts, W. L. Mitchell, John Nichols, Isaac Rogers, John R. Bennett, Hon. R. S. Maloney, and others.

### Proceedings on the Death of the late Charles A. Brown.

At a special meeting of a respectable number of the employees of the C. & N. W. R. R., and others who are members of the masonic fraternity, convened at the masonic hall in the city of Janesville, on the 24th day of August, A. D. 1892, the object being to appoint a committee to draft resolutions expressive of the sense and feelings of this meeting, and the members of the craft connected with the C. & N. W. R. R., and other friends, with regard to the sudden death of our worthy brother, Charles A. Brown, who came to his death on the 24th of July, at Chicago, by being thrown from a buggy, and at the time of his death was an engineer on said road, Bro. Charles T. Webber was called to the chair, and Bro. Charles C. Cheney was appointed secretary.

On motion, Bros. Chas. C. Cheney, L. F. Smith and C. Winslow were appointed sub-committee.

The committee reported the following preamble and resolutions, which were adopted:

WHEREAS, In the events of Providence, the Grand Master of the Universe has suddenly called our brother, Charles A. Brown, from the labors of earth to those refreshments which are only found in that temple not made with hands, high in the heavens. WHEREAS, Although grief from such a loss as he is not for those with whom he associated will ever remember his kind and pleasant manner, and we will think of him and cherish his name who the world will have forgotten him; and when in council for the welfare of those who live, he will be remembered and cherished as one who set an example worthy of being followed:

Resolved, That in our departed brother we have realized the highest masonic virtues. As a man, he was honest; as a husband, devoted; as a citizen, respected and honored; as a mason, he was a worthy example.

Resolved, That we tender our heartfelt sympathy to the widow and the children of our brother, but as human sympathy is cold and dead at such an hour, we humbly and hopefully point our bereaved sister to the great dispenser of all our joys and sorrows, who, in his wisdom, has taken from us a brother, and from you a husband. But it is not for us to scrutinize the providence of God; "his ways are not as our ways." But we may trust his promises when he says he will be a father to the fatherless and a husband to the widow.

Resolved, That we would tender to the G. W. A. B. Aiden, G. Master of the G. Lodge of Wisconsin, our hearty thanks for his kindness and brotherly sympathy in granting a dispensation to Western Star Lodge No. 14, A. F. & A. M., to bury our brother according to the usages of the Masonic fraternity. We would also extend to R. W. D. E. Lewis, P. Grand Junior Warden of the G. Lodge of Wisconsin, our sincere thanks for his readiness to perform any constitutional duty devolving upon him, and for the efficient manner in which the burial services were performed by him at the grave. And to our brothers of Chicago, Woodstock and Leander, and the brethren of the Leander who attended the funeral of our brother, we extend our fraternal regards; and when you, together with us, shall go from the labor of earth to everlasting refreshment in the paradise of God, where, with our beloved brother who has gone before us, by the benefit of the pass of a pure and blameless life, and by the power of the lion of the tribe of Judah, we may be raised from the grave, and our bodies be made as immortal as the soul.

Resolved, That the employees of the Masonic fraternity, be requested to wear crepe for the next thirty days.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be properly engrossed and transmitted to the widow of the deceased.

Resolved, That the same be published in the city papers of Janesville, Chicago, Woodstock, Jefferson, Watertown, Fond du Lac and Oshkosh.

CHAS. C. CHENEY, Sec'y.  
L. F. SMITH, Com.  
C. WINSLOW, Sec'y.  
CHAS. T. WEBBER, Ch. M.  
CHAS. C. CHENEY, Sec'y.

### War Meeting This Evening.

We hope there will be such action at the meeting called at the court room this evening as will end in some decisive results, and do something towards furnishing the men so urgently needed at this time. That the time for talking, merely, has passed away has become a truism so common that it is on everybody's tongue, and yet something is needed to break up the apathy which has fallen upon the people. There is an imperative duty resting on the free citizens of the north which cannot be longer neglected without producing the most disastrous consequences. Let then the people of Janesville, and every other locality, take hold of the work like work, and ACT in a manner adapted to the crisis.

## Illinois Recruiting Officers.

No citizen of Wisconsin should enlist in an Illinois regiment; and an order from the Governor of this state, forbidding recruiting officers from any other state to open an office or station for the volunteer service in this state, would have a good effect. There are already hundreds of citizens of Wisconsin in Illinois companies, who are deprived of the state and country relief offered volunteers in the Wisconsin regiments. The tender now made of a \$60 bounty by Illinois officers, which is urged as an inducement to enlist in Chicago and elsewhere, should be met with the declaration of a preference for the \$50 offered by our own state.

Besides every recruit taken from Wisconsin increases the labor of raising the quota assigned to this state, and enables Illinois to fill hers more easily than would otherwise be the case. Drafting will commence soon enough in Wisconsin without hastening that mode of filling the ranks by giving our earliest and readiest procured supplies to another state. Illinois has already reaped a rich reward of credit from volunteers enlisting from Wisconsin, and it is time that state pride, if no other consideration, should operate a little in favor of ourselves. We hope, therefore, that every effort to recruit in this state for any other state will be promptly discountenanced.

The Toledo Blade says that ex-Senator Laakey, of Gilead, Wood county, Ohio, has paid \$1,000 to ten married men as bounty for enlisting in the army.

Hog Cholera.—This disease still continues its ravages in Mercer county. One man has but five left out of a drove of 70. Another, out of 100 spring pigs, will not save one.

The United States Sanitary commission has addressed an earnest appeal to the president, praying that the new recruits may undergo the strictest kind of a medical examination, and that none but healthy, sound men may be accepted.

The army in Springfield, Mass., makes 14,000 stand of arms a month. In a short time that establishment, with the five private shops in operation there, will be able to manufacture 35,000 guns per month.—The armories at Providence, Hartford, Trenton, Bridesburg, Vt., Ilion, and one or two other places, will each be able to furnish the government with 200 guns per day. In a few months we shall be making first-rate arms, better than the best European can afford, at the rate of 600,000 per annum.

The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad company have appropriated \$3,000 towards defraying the expense of recruiting the 89d and 93d Ohio regiments.

There are seven women in Cincinnati as well as in the out-and-out rebel cities of the south. They show their proclivities in some of the ways by the application of brooms, pokers, hot water and alops to the assessors enrolling the militia under Gov. Tod's order.

The St. Louis contract for furnishing one thousand cavalry horses in ten days, was awarded, on Wednesday, to John Finn, at \$97. The bids ranged from \$97 to \$105.

The Princess Maria Pia, the future Queen of Portugal, was born in 1847. She is the god-daughter of Pope Pius IX, whose name she bears. She is said to be remarkable for her beauty.

## COMMERCIAL.

### Janesville Wholesale Market.

Reported for the Janesville Gazette, by BUMP & GRAY, GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, July 31, 1892. Receipts of wheat were only about 250 bushels today which sold at a range of 70c for common shipping to choice milling spring. Receipts of coarse grains were also light, and market firm at our full quotations.

We make up prices as follows: WHEAT—extra milling spring 70c; fair to good shipping grades 75c; rejected qualities 60c to 65c. CORN—white dent 50c; yellow dent 45c; mixed 40c. OATS—good local and shipping demand at 25c per bushel.

RYE—in good request at 25c per 60 lbs. THRESHING SEED—barley at 12c, rye at 10c. POTATOES—choice, 10c; common, 8c. PEAS—choice, 10c; common, 8c. SUGAR—good to choice 10c; 10c. FLOUR—in demand at 5c per dozen. FLOUR—spring at retail 2c, per 100 lbs. WHEAT—green, 4c; dry, 1c. WHEAT—trailed from 30 to 14c for common to choice clips.

R. O. HAINLOW, JOHN T. NORTON, HARLOW & NORTON, General Produce & Commission Merchants, 100 E. Main St., Janesville, Wis.

Office first door west of Farmer's Mill, Milwaukee Street, May 14th, 1892. my14dawf

### IF YOU WANT GOOD 6s BLACK SILKS

call at Janesville, July 15th, 1892. MCKEY & BRO'S. jy15dawf

### SEE THESE FRUIT JARS

AT WHEELOCK'S. 14 KINDS of the best ever used. Will be sold low. June 18th, 1892. jy18dawf

### If You Want New Styles of Fall Carpets

call at Janesville, July 15th, 1892. MCKEY & BRO'S. jy15dawf

### New York Cash Store, June 20th, 1891.

RECEIVED this day by Express, 500 yards more of Black Silks, that were selling at one dollar a yard. SMITH & BOSTWICK. jy20dawf

## The Douglas Memorial.

THE DIPLOMA OF MEMBERSHIP of the Douglas Monument Association, beautifully engraved on steel, about half by two inches dimensions, is now ready for distribution to the members of the association. To all persons forwarding to the association ONE DOLLAR or more, will be sent one of these diplomas, promptly executed.

### TO THE PEOPLE!

If You Want New Fall Styles of Carpeting

CALL AT MCKEY & BRO'S. WE have just received this day 50 pieces new style CARPETS

purchased by M. McKey for net cash before the advance. If you wish to get new and fashionable

### DRESS GOODS,

being the importation of this month, and at the lowest price ever before known in this country, you will call at McKey & Bro's.

### LAWNS,

as low as 5 cents.

### BAREGES,

at 10 to 15 cents.

### ORGANDY MULLS,

at 10 to 15 cents.

### BLACK SILKS,

as low as 6 shillings. Full yard wide

### FACTORY,

PRINTS, as low as 8 cents.

### MADDER PRINTS,

fast colors, at 11 cents, or 9 yards for one dollar.

Bear in mind that these goods are worth more money. Full yard wide

### BLEACHED SHEETING

at 11 shillings.

### ENGLISH PRINTS,

special patterns, our own importation, at 12c per yard.

Notwithstanding the great advance in Cotton Goods, we will continue to deal out these

### GREAT GAINS

which have given our store such a wide spread reputation.

Remember that our goods were bought for net cash, personally by Edward McKey, who is now at and below us in New York for the past 6 weeks, and at prices

Fifty per Cent Less than other merchants will have to pay today.

JANESVILLE, July 15th, 1892. MCKEY & BRO. jy15dawf

## NEW LEATHER STORE

ON MAIN STREET SIX DOORS SOUTH OF MILWAUKEE STREET.

I have just received a large and well assorted stock of

### LEATHER,

FROM THE BEST Eastern and European Tanneries!

### FINDINGS

Of all descriptions, and shall keep constantly on hand a large and full assortment of the

### Best Stock in the Market.

Call and examine my Stock and Prices.

J. C. BAILEY. dawf

## THE NEW NATIONAL TAX LAW

OF THE BEST LARGE TYPE. WITH PARAGRAPH HEAD-LINES AND INDEX.

Is the best and most satisfactory edition offered by the

CITIZEN'S STANDARD (DIME) EDITION, published by BECKER & CO., New York. It has the preference over all others in business circles. It is the last revised and

### AUTHENTICATED COPY.

AGENTS WANTED.—To sell this edition. It has all ready had an immense sale in the great seaboard cities, and agents have made from ten to fifteen dollars per day in its sale.

Everybody must have a copy—every manufacturer, every merchant, every mechanic and every farmer. Compare it with other editions and none will be so correct. Sample copies sent, postpaid, on receipt of ten cents. Address or call upon

J. C. BAILEY, Wholesale Agent, Janesville, Wis. jy15dawf

JANESVILLE, July 24, 1892.

### ROBUST this day, by Express, at McKey & Bro's.

Plain & Double Faced Black Silks, Black Silk Shawls, BLACK SILK CAPES & LACE SHAWLS.

Also, BROWN AND BLACK LINENS, for Dusters, &c., &c. The above goods have been purchased at auction by Edward McKey of this firm who is at present in New York City.

### New Goods

received daily by Express.

Red, White and Blue Ribbon, just received. MCKEY & BRO. jy24dawf

### New Arrangement!

A improvement in the order of the day, I have made arrangements with WM. ADDY to take charge of my

### MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Addy's long experience and acknowledged taste as a cutter and manufacturer, render him well adapted to all work entrusted to him. He will leave his hands in perfect style. The old friends and customers of Mr. Addy are invited to visit him in his new quarters, and see for themselves. Customers may be assured that they will get a better article than at any other shop in the city.

EDEN, BORNHEIM, Clothing House, Myers Block, Janesville, July 15th, 1892. jy15dawf

## FAIRBANKS SCALES

STANDARD OF ALL KINDS. Also, WAREHOUSE TRUCKS, LETTER PRESSES, &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO., 172 Lake Street, Chicago.

For sale in Janesville by R. J. RICHARDSON. Be careful to buy only the Genuine. my15dawf

### Hoop Skirts! Hoop Skirts!

WE have just received, direct from the manufacturers, a splendid assortment of Skirts for Ladies, Misses and Children, made in the very best manner and of the best tempered steel and which will be sold at the

Lowest Cash Price. Call and see them, at RICE, GAUL & RICE's, 272d St. At Chapman Bros. old stand.

### Paints! Paints!!

A LARGE stock of all kinds of Paints and Oils, all of which will be sold cheap.

COLWELL'S DRUG STORE. my15dawf

### SPRING PRINTS & DE LAINES!

WE have just received another lot of PRINTS & DELAINES.

of the Merest and Cheapest Styles, and which we offer at the

### LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

RICE, GAUL & RICE, At Chapman Brothers old stand.

### Sabbath School Libraries.

SINGING BOOKS, Class Books, &c. A very large supply received this day, at

O. J. DEARBORN. JUSTICES BLANKS FOR SALE.

## FURNITURE.

HAVING sold my old stock of Furniture I would now say to the citizens of Janesville and surrounding country that I have an

### ENTIRE NEW STOCK

of the latest styles and patterns of Parlor, Chamber & Common Furniture,

which was purchased for cash previous to the war taking effect. Purchasing in large quantities to supply two stores enables me to compete with any other house in the city.

### Sell Cheaper than the Cheapest

for cash, either at Janesville, Wis., or Dixon, Ill. Also Looking Glasses, Looking Glass Plates, Gilt Mouldings, &c.

### COPPER

constantly kept on hand, which will sell cheaper than our other house in the city. Also,

### LENT'S PATENT SPRING BED,

Beware of an imitation spring that is sold in this city for the genuine Lent's Spring. I keep the genuine spring on hand.

Work made to order and repairing done on short notice. L. MCROSS, Janesville, west side of the river, 3 doors east of the Hyatt House. jy15dawf

### FRESH NEW AND NICE GOODS

Just Received AT SMITH & BOSTWICK'S.

### To the Ladies.

THE only place in this city where you can find an elegant assortment of

### Alexander's Kid Gloves,

embroidered backs. The only place in the city where you can find a beautiful set of the

### Real Swiss Embroidery

for one dollar. The only place in the city where you can find a splendid stock of

### French Prints.

The only place in this city where you can buy an elegant shilling

### BLACK SILK

for one dollar a yard. The only place in this city where you can get splendid

### FRENCH GINGHAMS.

The only place in this city where you can find A. T. Stewart & Co's own importations of

### FRENCH ORGANDIE MUSLINS.

The only place in this city where you can buy sevenfold

### LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS

for one dollar. The only place in this state where you can buy the

### BEST BLEACHED MUSLINS

in the greatest variety. The only place in the country where you can buy

### Eight Pairs Splendid White Hose

for one dollar. The only place in the county where you can buy the

### PATENT WHITE RIBBED HOSE

for one dollar. The only place in the county where you can find everything in the

### DRY GOODS LINE

that you can inquire for, and at such astonishingly

### LOW PRICES,

for instance, you can buy the

### Splendid Bareges

that you can last year and at 60 at the low price of one shilling. You can buy the

### BEST UNION SHAKERS,

colored and white of the latest style and patterns, such as all the small stores and the world's large ones are asking fifty cents for, at 37c.

In fact the only place in the city where you can find an elegant assortment of

### Ladies Nice Goods

of all kinds. There is no use for the small try to how, for we

### HAVE GOT THE GOODS

and are bound to sell them. Respectfully submitted, my15dawf

### GROVER & BAKER'S

Celebrated Noiseless Sewing Machines.

MAKING BOTH THE Grover & Baker and the Lock Stitch.

Price \$40 and Upwards.

First Premium in Illinois, Ohio & Michigan.

PARTS purchasing machines of the GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO. now have the choice of machines making either stitch, and change if they desire to. The only company able to offer such inducements. They also offer to the public at the extremely low price of

\$40 FORTY \$40 A Straight Needle Lock Stitch Machine.

suitable for Tailors and Family use. This machine is of large size, rapid, quiet and superior to the shuttle or lock stitch. The whole machine is made of steel. General Northwestern Office, 115 Lake St., Chicago. S. G. DURKIN, Agent, 107 Military Rooms, West Milwaukee street. jy15dawf

### If You Want NEW STYLES OF FALL CARPETS

call at Janesville, July 15th, 1892. MCKEY & BRO'S. jy15dawf

### BAILEY'S BOOT & SHOE STORE

HAS BEEN REMOVED FROM MYERS' BLOCK

to the Opposite Side of Main Street, One door north of TALLMAN & COLLINS' DRUG STORE. dawf

### ATTENTION LADIES.

Another Novelty. Come and See the Bridal Hoop Skirt.

JUST received at McKey & Bro's a large invoice of

### THE BRIDAL SKIRT,

the latest style and patent, and the

### Neatest & Best Finished Hoop Skirt

now in the market. These skirts are manufactured of the finest Spring Steel, with fine woven tapes, leather fastenings, sealed top and

### AMES PATENT CLASPS, LINKED WITH KID,

which prevents the spring from fretting the tapes, thereby giving a skirt excelling all other manufacturers in

### FINISH AND DURABILITY.

Don't buy a hoop until you see this Bridal Skirt. Sole Agents for Janesville and Rock County. Janesville, June 15th, 1892. jy15dawf







[illegible]

county of Rock and state of Wisconsin, and known and described as the northwest quarter, and the west half of the northeast quarter of section number 11, township number 2 north, of range number eleven (11) east, containing two hundred and forty acres of land, or so much and such parts as may be necessary to so satisfy said claimant, to be sold at such sale, to wit: at Sheriff's office, at No. 234, A. D. 1902. S. J. M. PUTNAM, 2623430 Sheriff of Rock county, Wisconsin. Eldredge & Pease, Attys.

CIRCUIT COURT—ROCK COUNTY.  
William T. Burgess against Betsey Pratt.  
The state of Wisconsin to Betsey Pratt the above named

YOU are hereby summoned and required to  
the complaint in this action, which has  
been filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit  
for Rock county, in the city of Janesville in said  
county, a copy of which is herewith served on you,  
serve a copy of your answer to said complaint  
subscribers, at their office in said city, within  
days after the service of this summons on you,  
give of the day of such service, and if you fail to  
the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the  
tiff in this action will apply to the court for relief  
remanded in the complaint.—Dated April 14, 18

apl9d7w  
CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUNTY  
Lewis Tappan against Alexander T. Gray, John R.  
Anna M. Gray and Frances Anderson.  
State of Wisconsin to the defendants above named  
each of them;  
YOU are hereby summoned and required to  
the complaint in this action, of which a  
herewith served upon you, and serve a copy of  
answer on the subscribers, at their office, in EX-  
Building, Milwaukee, within twenty days after

vice herof, exclusive of the day of such service, you fail to answer the complaint as aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated May 21, 1862.

FINGLES, LYNDE & MILLER, PLOTS &c.

The complaint in the above entitled cause was filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court for the county, on the 21st day of May, 1862.

FINGLES, LYNDE & MILLER,  
my2437w Plaintiff's Attorneys

**An Ordinance**

to restrain the running at large of cattle, horses and sheep in the city of Janesville.

*The Mayor and Common Council of the City of will do ordain as follows:*

SECTION 1. No horses, mules or sheep shall be allowed to run at large in any of the streets or public alleys of the city of said city.

SEC. 2. No cattle shall hereafter be allowed at large as aforesaid, between nine o'clock P. M. and sunrise of each day.

SEC. 3. If any of the above named animals hereafter be found running at large, in violation of the ordinance, the owner or person in possession

Sec. 4. Any person may drive any of the animals, so found running at large, to any of the established by said city, and the pound keep charge thereof shall safely keep the same with pound until released therefrom by the payment of the penalty incurred as aforesaid, together with reasonable charges for subsistence and other care if any there shall be.

tion the highest bidder, by said pound keeper, in charge thereof, first giving two days notice by publication in at least one daily newspaper published in said city, and in case there shall be no one bid, then by posting up notice in at least one public place in said city, and shall state the place of sale and give a particular description of the animal or animals to be sold; and in case the owners thereof be known to said pound keeper, he is bound to notify such owner or owners of the sale thereof, but any neglect in notifying said owner shall not effect the purchaser at such sale, and

Attest: Witnessed this 5th day of June, 1862.  
 J. BODWELL DOR.,  
 Andrew Ross, Jr., City Clerk.

**State of Wisconsin.**  
**CIRCUIT COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY.**  
 William A Croft against Monroe Atkinson &  
 S. Atkinson.

**IN** pursuance and by virtue of the judgment  
 of closure and sale rendered in the above  
 captioned case, on the 7th day of June, 1862, in favor  
 of the above named plaintiff and against the de-

course  
 and all  
 in, or so  
 of judg-  
 ments at

ony  
 ners'

of sale, to be made by S. J. M. PUTNAM, & Co.,  
of BENNETT, CASSIDAY & GIBBS,  
Jell143m Plaintiff's Attorneys

CIRCUIT COURT—ROCK COUNTY.  
William O Scott agt James E Scott and Co.  
BY virtue of a Judgment of sale and fore-  
closure on this action, made on the 12th day of June  
1862, the said James E Scott and Co. shall expose for sale, as the law directs, on the  
premises in front of the Central Bank of Wisconsin, in the  
City of Janesville, in said county, on  
THE 26th DAY of JULY, 1862.

at two o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the described in said judgment as follows, to wit: certain piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the town of Bradford, Rock county and state of Wisconsin, known and described as follows, to-wit: a piece of land forming part of the southern part of section six, town two north, of range fourteen east, commencing in the center of the north lot at the northeast corner of the lot owned by John Cunningham, thence east in a said road five rods, thence north at right angles said road thirty-two rods, thence west five stakes being the northeast corner of said Jo

was filed  
in the  
1862, and  
is in the  
city days  
of such  
re-appears  
the court

ming's lot, thence south in the east line of  
Quanning's lot to the place of beginning, con-  
taining one acre of land.—Dated June 12th, 1862.

S. J. M. PUTNAM, S.  
Clerk.

CONGER & HAWES, Attys for Plf.  
ROCK & CO., Attys for Def.

CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUNTY  
Berri Cook vs Edwin G Frink.

**B**y virtue of an execution issued out of  
the seal of the circuit court for Rock county  
directed to have return made and shall sell at  
auction in the highest bidder

82.  
RN,  
orneys.

**ROCK.**  
3 Rock-  
Charlotte  
William E.  
Oliver  
Henry

**THE 10th DAY OF AUGUST, A D 1880**  
at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon of  
at the entrance to the circuit court room,  
street, in the city of Janesville, in said coun-  
ty, the following parties, to-wit: the right and true  
defendant, Edwin G. Jones, duly on the 2d day of  
November, A D 1880, or any time thereafter,  
the following aforesaid premises situate in the  
of Johnstown Center, in the county of Rock  
of Wisconsin, described as follows: a part of  
east quarter of section number twenty-eight  
town number three (3) north, of range num-

which said point is fifty-six and one half northwesterly direction from the northeast corner of land formerly owned by John Wynn and wife Johnson, said corner being the southeast corner deeded by Noah Newell and wife to D. Babcock south sixty-two degrees thirty minutes west southeasterly line of land formerly owned by Cocke and chains and six links; thence north to the northeast corner of the same land on the lot on which now stands the store formerly owned by John Wynn and wife and owned by D. P. Farnham, thence in a northeasterly direction along said fence to the place of beginning.

ing therefrom a piece of land lying south of and adjoining the above premises, more particularly moving in the south line of said premises, to the northwest corner of H. B. Johnson's running parallel with said street to the corner of Big Foot and Madison road. - Dated June 28th, 1906.

IRA C. JENKS, Plaintiff's Atty.      J. M. PUTNAM, Defendant's Atty.

**Sheriff's Foreclosure Sale**

CITIZEN'S COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF

Richard E. Holcomb, plaintiff, against William J. Well, Lorenz V. Lockwell, Samuel E. Johnson and

Rock and  
and sealed as  
original  
printed plat  
reference.  
age of G K  
outhgate,  
of feru-  
the above  
hall, well

Wisconsin, on  
**THURSDAY, THE 11th DAY OF SEP-**  
A. D., 1862,  
at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, the  
real estate of and being in the county of  
of Wisconsin, and known and described  
lowa, to wit: lots five (5), six (6), seven  
nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11) and twelve (12)  
twelve (12), all of block two (2); also lots five  
seven (7), eight (8), nine (9) and eleven  
twelve (12) in block one (1); all of blocks  
four (4), five (5) and six (6), all being in Roc  
dition to the village known [city] of Beloit, a

the broken plot of the same; also the northern part of the southeast quarter of section twenty town one (1), in range twelve (12) east, all but city of Beloit, Wisconsin. Terms, cash.—Dated at St. Louis, Mo., this 28th day of June, A. D. 1882.

**STRONG & FULLER,**  
**PLP's Attys.**

**S. J. M. PUTNAM,**  
 Sheriff of Rock County.